



**Avrupa Birliđi (AB)
Bilim, Teknoloji ve İnovasyon Politikaları ile ilgili
İnternet Adresleri / EU Websites Related to Science,
Technology and Innovation Policies**

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[CORDIS - Community Research & Development Information Service](#)

Institutions in Turkey Related to EU Affairs:

[Avrupa Birliđi Dış İlişkiler Servisi](#) / [European External Action Service](#)

[Avrupa Birliđi Türkiye Delegasyonu](#) / [Delegation of the European Union to Turkey](#)

[Avrupa Birliđi Bakanlıđı](#) / [Ministry for EU Affairs](#)

[AB HORIZON 2020 ÇERÇEVE PROGRAMI](#)

EU R&D Liaison Offices:

IGLO - Informal Group of RTD Liaison Offices in Brussels for EU R&D

IGLO is an informal association of Brussels-based non-profit R&D Liaison Offices. The aim of IGLO is to facilitate and enhance the interaction, information exchange and co-operation between Members of IGLO, their national research systems and the European institutions on issues related to EU RTD, in particular, the Framework Programme.

[TURBO](#) / Turkish Research and Business Organisations, Brussels Office

TURBO is an international non-profit association set up in Brussels in March 2004 by the public and private sector institutions and represents the Turkish research and business domains, i.e. TUBITAK, TOBB, KOSGEB and TESK. TURBO is the member of the IGLO.

EUROPE Gateway to the European Union:

EUROPE - [A to Z Index of European Union Websites](#)

EUROPE - [Official website of the European Union](#) > English > [index](#)

How the EU works

- Countries
- Facts and figures
- Institutions and bodies
- History
- EU symbols
- **More on how the EU works**

EU law

- Treaties
- Find legislation
- [Regulations, Directives and other acts](#)
- How EU decisions are made
- Application of EU law
- **More on EU law**

EU by topic

- Agriculture
- Economic and monetary affairs
- Foreign and security policy
- Trade
- Employment and social affairs
- **All topics**

Doing business

- Finance and support
- Import and export
- VAT & customs
- Public procurement in the EU – rules and guidelines
- European standards
- More on doing business

Publications

- Statistics and opinion polls
- Official documents
 - Documents by institution -Selected by inovasyon.org:**
 - European Parliament**
[European Parliament register of documents](#)
[Agendas, minutes, reports of proceedings, legislative texts, resolutions...](#)
 - European Council**
[European Council presidency conclusions](#)
[Documents submitted to the European Council](#)
 - Council of the European Union**
[Council of the European Union register of documents](#)
[Conclusions of Council meetings](#)
 - European Commission**
[European Commission register of documents](#)
[Green papers](#)
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[Commission work programme](#)
[Minutes/agenda for EU commissioners' weekly meeting](#)
 - European Economic and Social Committee**
[European Economic and Social Committee register of documents](#)
[Opinions](#)
[Summary of plenary sessions](#)
[Annual report](#)
 - Committee of the Regions**
[Committee of the Regions register of documents](#)
 - European Investment Bank**
[All publications](#)
 - European Union agencies and other bodies**
[Documents and publications from the EU agencies and other bodies](#)
- Reports, studies and booklets
- Libraries and archives
- Open data
- More on publications
- [EU Bookshop](#)

Selected Titles:

How the EU works > [European Union Institutions and Other Bodies](#)

- [European Parliament](#) > [European Parliament website](#)
[European Parliament / Parliamentary Committees](#)
 - Related Ones:**
 - [DEVE](#) - Committee on Development
 - [ENVI](#) - Committee on Environment, Public Health and Food Safety
 - [ITRE](#) - Committee on Industry, Research and Energy
 - [REGI](#) - Committee on Regional Development
 - [AGRI](#) - Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development

[European Parliament / the Secretary-General](#)

The Secretary-General ensures the requisite cooperation and coordination amongst Directorate-Generals of the European Parliament.

[Directorates-General](#)

[Directorate-General for Innovation and Technological Support](#)

[European Parliament / STOA](#) - Scientific and Technological Options Assessment

[EPTA Network](#) - European Parliamentary Technology Assessment Network

– **[European Council](#)** > **[European Council homepage](#)**

The European Council defines the general political direction and priorities of the European Union. With the entry into force of the Treaty of Lisbon on 1 December 2009, it became an institution.

The European Council provides the Union with the necessary impetus for its development and defines the general political directions and priorities thereof. It does not exercise legislative functions.

The European Council consists of the Heads of State or Government of the Member States, together with its President and the President of the Commission.

– **[Council of the EU](#)** > **[Council of the European Union homepage](#)**

The Council of the EU is the institution representing the member states' governments. Also informally known as the EU Council, it is where national ministers from each EU country meet to adopt laws and coordinate policies.

The Council is an essential EU decision-maker. It negotiates and adopts new EU legislation, adapts it when necessary, and coordinates policies.

The Council of the EU should not be confused with: the [European Council](#) – another EU institution, where EU leaders meet around 4 times a year to discuss the EU's political priorities

[Presidency of the Council of the EU](#)

The presidency of the Council of the EU rotates among member states every six months. The presidency chairs meetings at all levels: Council, Permanent Representatives Committee and working parties. It puts forward guidelines and draws up the compromises needed for the Council to take decisions.

– **[European Commission](#)** > **[Website of the European Commission](#)**

The European Commission is one of the main institutions of the European Union. It represents and upholds the interests of the EU as a whole. It drafts proposals for new European laws. It manages the day-to-day business of implementing EU policies and spending EU funds.

The 28 Commissioners, one from each EU country, provide the Commission's political leadership during their 5-year term. Each Commissioner is assigned responsibility for specific policy areas by the President.

The President is nominated by the European Council. The Council also appoints the other Commissioners in agreement with the nominated President.

The appointment of all Commissioners, including the President, is subject to the approval of the European Parliament. In office, they remain accountable to Parliament, which has sole power to dismiss the Commission.

[BEPA](#) - Bureau of Policy Advisers

[ERA](#) - European Research Area

ERA Related Websites:

[ESFRI](#) - European Strategy Forum on Research Infrastructures

ESFRI is a strategic instrument to develop the scientific integration of Europe and to strengthen its international outreach. The competitive and open access to high quality Research Infrastructures supports and benchmarks the quality of the activities of European scientists, and attracts the best researchers from around the world.

[ERAC](#) - European Research Area and Innovation Committee

The Committee is a strategic policy advisory committee whose principal mission is to provide timely strategic input to the Council, the Commission and Member States on research and innovation issues that are relevant to the development of the European Research Area.

[RISE](#) - Research, Innovation, and Science Policy Experts

RISE gives direct strategic support to the European Commissioner for research, innovation, and science and to the European Commission. The Innovation Union initiative, the [Europe 2020 strategy](#) (read also [A strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth](#)) and the [Innovation Union flagship initiative](#) provide the policy rationale for RISE.

[JRC](#) - Joint Research Centre

The Joint Research Centre (JRC) is the European Commission's in-house science service which employs scientists to carry out research in order to provide independent scientific advice and support to EU policy.

JRC - IPTS - Institute for Prospective Technological Studies

JRC-IPTS focuses on five major research fields – knowledge for growth, information society, agriculture and global food security, sustainable production and consumption and economics of climate change, energy and transport. It provides policy makers with tools to prepare and justify policy initiatives and later to evaluate them.

IPTS' role is in the interface between science and policy and carries out – in collaboration with other Directorates-General – cost-benefit analyses of policy options within the context of horizontal societal challenges: employment, environment, competitiveness and security.

EEN - Enterprise Europe Network

The Enterprise Europe Network is a key instrument in the EU's strategy to boost growth and jobs. Bringing together close to 600 business support organisations from more than 50 countries, we help small companies seize the unparalleled business opportunities in the EU Single Market.

EWN - ERAWATCH Network

*The EWN supports the European Commission and in particular, the Institute for Prospective Technological Studies (**IPTS**) in monitoring policy developments and trends related to the European Research Area (**ERA**).*

EURAXESS

'EURAXESS - Researchers in Motion' is a unique pan-European initiative providing access to a complete range of information and support services to researchers wishing to pursue their research careers in Europe or stay connected to it.

EUROSTAT - Statistical Office of the European Communities

– **Court of Justice of the EU**

– **European Central Bank**

– **European Court of Auditors**

– **EEAS - European External Action Service**

– **EESC - European Economic and Social Committee**

The European Economic and Social Committee (EESC) is a consultative body of the European Union. This Committee fulfils three key missions:

Helping to ensure that European policies and legislation tie in better with economic, social and civic circumstances on the ground, by assisting the European Parliament, Council and European Commission, making use of EESC members' experience and representativeness, dialogue and efforts to secure consensus serving the general interest;

Promoting the development of a more participatory European Union which is more in touch with popular opinion, by acting as an institutional forum representing, informing, expressing the views of and securing dialogue with organised civil society;

Promoting the values on which European integration is founded and advancing, in Europe and across the world, the cause of democracy and participatory democracy, as well as the role of civil society organisations.

– **Committee of the Regions / EU's Assembly of Regional and Local Representatives**

The Committee of the Regions is the voice of regions and cities in the European Union.

It has 353 members - regional and locally elected representatives from the 28 EU countries, and also has 6 commissions covering competences in the following policy areas based on the EU Treaties: Employment, vocational training, economic and social cohesion, social policy, health; education and culture; environment, climate change, energy; transport and trans-European networks; and civil protection and services of general interests.

- [European Investment Bank](#)
- [European Investment Fund](#)
- [European Ombudsman](#)
- [European Data Protection Supervisor](#)
- [Interinstitutional bodies](#)
- [Agencies and other EU bodies](#)

- **Decentralised agencies:**

Decentralised agencies carry out technical, scientific or managerial tasks that help the EU institutions make and implement policies.

They also support cooperation between the EU and national governments by pooling technical and specialist expertise from both the EU institutions and national authorities.

Decentralised agencies are set up for an indefinite period and are located across the EU.

- [Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators \(ACER\)](#)
- [Body of European Regulators for Electronic Communications \(BEREC\)](#)
- [Community Plant Variety Office \(CPVO\)](#)
- [European Agency for Safety and Health at Work \(EU-OSHA\)](#)
- [European Agency for the Management of Operational Cooperation at the External Borders \(FRONTEX\)](#)
- [European Agency for the operational management of large-scale IT systems in the area of freedom, security and justice \(eu-LISA\)](#)
- [European Asylum Support Office \(EASO\)](#)
- [European Aviation Safety Agency \(EASA\)](#)
- [European Banking Authority \(EBA\)](#)
- [European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control \(ECDC\)](#)
- [European Centre for the Development of Vocational Training \(Cedefop\)](#)
- [European Chemicals Agency \(ECHA\)](#)
- [European Environment Agency \(EEA\)](#)
- [European Fisheries Control Agency \(EFCA\)](#)
- [European Food Safety Authority \(EFSA\)](#)
- [European Foundation for the Improvement of Living and Working Conditions \(EUROFOUND\)](#)
- [European GNSS Agency \(GSA\)](#)
- [European Institute for Gender Equality \(EIGE\)](#)
- [European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority \(EIOPA\)](#)
- [European Maritime Safety Agency \(EMSA\)](#)
- [European Medicines Agency \(EMA\)](#)
- [European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction \(EMCDDA\)](#)
- [European Network and Information Security Agency \(ENISA\)](#)
- [European Police College \(CEPOL\)](#)
- [European Police Office \(EUROPOL\)](#)
- [European Public Prosecutor's Office \(in preparation\) \(EPPO\)](#)
- [European Railway Agency \(ERA\)](#)
- [European Securities and Markets Authority \(ESMA\)](#)
- [European Training Foundation \(ETF\)](#)
- [European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights \(FRA\)](#)
- [Office for Harmonisation in the Internal Market \(OHIM\)](#)
- [Single Resolution Board \(in preparation\) \(SRB\)](#)

- [The European Union's Judicial Cooperation Unit \(EUROJUST\)](#)
- [Translation Centre for the Bodies of the European Union \(CdT\)](#)

Agencies under Common Security and Defence Policy:

- [European Defence Agency \(EDA\)](#)
- [European Union Institute for Security Studies \(EUISS\)](#)
- [European Union Satellite Centre \(EUSC\)](#)

– **Executive agencies:**

These agencies help the European Commission manage EU programmes.

They are set up for a fixed period and must be based in the same location as the Commission (either Brussels or Luxembourg).

- **EACEA** - Education, Audio-visual and Culture Executive Agency
- **EASME** - Executive Agency for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises
- **ERC** - European Research Council Executive Agency

The main goal of the European Research Council (ERC) is to encourage high quality research in Europe through competitive funding. In this section you can find out more about the ERC and the vital role it plays in supporting European leadership in world class research.

- **CHAFEA** - Consumers, Health and Food Executive Agency
- **REA** - Research Executive Agency

The Research Executive Agency (REA) is a funding body created by the European Commission to maximise the efficiency and impact of EU research and innovation programmes. The Agency makes a practical contribution to achieving the goals of the [Innovation Union](#), a flagship EU initiative which is a part of [Europe 2020](#), the EU's global strategy for growth. This includes help in delivering the European Research Area ([ERA](#)).

- **INEA** - Innovation & Networks Executive Agency

– **EURATOM agencies and bodies:**

These were created to support the aims of the [European Atomic Energy Community Treaty \(EURATOM\)](#), which are to:

- *Coordinate national nuclear research programmes, for peaceful purposes*
- *Provide knowledge, infrastructure and funding for nuclear energy*
- *Ensure sufficient and secure supplies of nuclear energy.*

- [EURATOM Supply Agency \(ESA\)](#)
- [European Joint Undertaking for ITER and the Development of Fusion Energy \(Fusion for Energy\)](#)

– **EIT - European Institute of Innovation and Technology**

EIT's mission is to increase European sustainable growth and competitiveness; reinforce the innovation capacity of the EU Member States; and create the entrepreneurs of tomorrow and prepare for the next innovative breakthroughs.]

Other Related EU and/or European Institutions

CEPS - Centre for European Policy Studies

An independent policy research institute dedicated to producing sound policy research leading to constructive solutions to the challenges facing Europe today. CEPS is among the most experienced and authoritative think tanks operating in the European Union today. CEPS serves as a leading forum for debate on EU affairs, but its most distinguishing feature lies in its strong in-house research capacity, complemented by an extensive network of partner institutes throughout the world.

CERN - European Organization for Nuclear Research

At CERN, the European Organization for Nuclear Research, physicists and engineers are probing the fundamental structure of the universe. They use the world's largest and most complex scientific instruments to study the basic constituents of matter – the fundamental particles. The particles are made to collide together at close to the speed of light. The process gives the physicists clues about how the particles interact, and provides insights into the fundamental laws of nature.

The instruments used at CERN are purpose-built [particle accelerators](#) and [detectors](#). Accelerators boost beams of particles to high energies before the beams are made to collide with each other or with stationary targets. Detectors observe and record the results of these collisions.

Founded in 1954, the CERN laboratory sits astride the Franco-Swiss border near Geneva. It was one of Europe's first joint ventures and now has 21 [member states](#).

[COST](#) - European cooperation in science and technology

COST is an intergovernmental framework for European Cooperation in Science and Technology, allowing the coordination of nationally-funded research on a European level.

[EARTO](#) - European Association of Research and Technology Organisations

EARTO is a non-profit international association established in Brussels, where it maintains a permanent secretariat.

EARTO Mission: to promote and defend the interests of Research and Technology Organisations (RTOs) in Europe by reinforcing their profile and position as a key player in the minds of EU decision-makers and by seeking to ensure that European R&D and innovation programmes are best attuned to their interests; to provide added-value services to EARTO members to help them to improve their operational practices and business performance as well as to provide them with information and advice to help them make the best use of European R&D and innovation programme funding opportunities.

[EMBO](#) - European Molecular Biology Organization

EMBO stands for excellence in the life sciences. EMBO is an organization of more than 1700 leading researchers that promotes excellence in the life sciences. The major goals of the organization are to support talented researchers at all stages of their careers, stimulate the exchange of scientific information, and help build a European research environment where scientists can achieve their best work.

[EPC](#) - European Policy Centre

The European Policy Centre (EPC) is an independent, not-for-profit think tank dedicated to fostering European integration through analysis and debate, supporting and challenging European decision-makers at all levels to make informed decisions based on evidence and analysis, and providing a platform for engaging partners, stakeholders and citizens in EU policy-making and in the debate about the future of Europe.

[EPO](#) - European Patent Office

[ESA](#) - European Space Agency

ESA is Europe's gateway to space. Its mission is to shape the development of Europe's space capability and ensure that investment in space continues to deliver benefits to the citizens of Europe and the world.

ESA is an international organisation with 20 Member States. By coordinating the financial and intellectual resources of its members, it can undertake programmes and activities far beyond the scope of any single European country.

[ESCIN](#) - European Science Communication and Information Network

ESCIN aims to improve the appreciation and understanding of basic and applied scientific research among Europe's citizens and opinion-formers. Set up in 1993, ESCIN brings together the heads of communication from 21 of Europe's major research councils, institutes and associations in nine countries.

[ESF](#) - European Science Foundation

ESF is committed to achieving the highest quality science in Europe to drive progress in research and innovation. We help our Member Organisations collaborate internationally on research programmes that we coordinate in almost every scientific domain. We provide services to the science community, including peer review, evaluation and conferences, as well as support career tracking. ESF also hosts high-level expert boards and committees to support them in achieving their objectives. Our science policy activities have been transferred to [Science Europe](#) which now handles the mainstay of the strategic and policy activities that we initiated and executed in previous years.

ETPs - European Technology Platforms

ETPs are industry-led stakeholder fora that develop short to long-term research and innovation agendas and roadmaps for action at EU and national level to be supported by both private and public funding.

EUREKA

EUREKA is an intergovernmental organisation for market-driven industrial R&D. It is a decentralised network facilitating the coordination of national funding on innovation aiming to boost the productivity & competitiveness of European industries. The network integrates over 40 pan-European economies, but also includes Israel, South Korea, and Canada. Following a bottom-up approach with projects being in any technological area with a civilian purpose, EUREKA has been the driving force of innovation in Europe for over 25 years.

EurOcean - European Centre for Information on Marine Science and Technology

EurOcean is a focal point for information on marine science and technology in Europe and its Internet portal is aiming to provide information on topics related to marine science and technology in Europe with a priority given to two main domains: marine research infrastructures and European research, technology and development information. EurOcean contributes to the initiatives aiming to implement a Marine European Research Area and a European maritime policy.

EUROSCIENCE - European Association for the Promotion of Science and Technology

EuroScience is a European non-profit grassroots association open to research professionals, teachers, students, science administrators, policy-makers, etc. and generally to any citizen interested in science and technology and its links with society. EuroScience represents not only European scientists of all ages, disciplines and nationalities but also from the business sector and public institutions such as universities and research institutes. Being at the forefront of influencing policies in areas that affect the governance of science in Europe; working on a stronger sense of European identity and culture of science through its own independent activities.

EVCA - European Private Equity and Venture Capital Association

The EVCA is the voice of European private equity. Our membership covers the full range of private equity activity, from early-stage venture capital to the largest private equity firms, investors such as pension funds, insurance companies, fund-of-funds and family offices and associate members from related professions. We represent 700 member firms and 500 affiliate members.

OpenAIRE

OpenAIRE aims to support the implementation of Open Access in Europe. It provides the means to promote and realize the widespread adoption of the Open Access Policy, as set out by the ERC Scientific Council Guidelines for Open Access and the Open Access pilot launched by the European Commission.

Science Europe

Science Europe is an association of European Research Funding Organisations (RFO) and Research Performing Organisations (RPO), based in Brussels. Its founding General Assembly took place in Berlin in October 2011. Science Europe promotes the collective interests of the Research Funding and Research Performing Organisations of Europe. It supports its Member Organisations in their efforts to foster European research. It will strengthen the European Research Area (ERA) through its direct engagement with key partners.

TAFTIE - The European Network of Innovation Agencies

TAFTIE is the European Association of leading national innovation agencies. Its Members make a major contribution to strengthening Europe's economic performance by supporting product-, process- and services innovation by implementing their countries' national and -many times-international Research, Development and Innovation Programmes. Through TAFTIE a group of 28 organisations from 26 European countries has established an intense collaboration in the field of the implementation of national technology Programmes. This is to the benefit of both their governments and regular customers.

TII - Technology - Innovation - International

TII is the Europe's premier independent association of technology transfer and innovation support professionals.

TII members are promoting or providing high quality innovation support and technology transfer services to firms, with the ultimate aim to develop the knowledge economy and boost the wealth creation process. The association creates a vibrant hub for members to share professional experience and good practice, to facilitate business opportunities for them and to support them in their technology transfer and innovation assignments. It does this by organizing conferences and training events, by pursuing specialist activities through dedicated sub-groups and by offering high added value web-based tools.

TII brings together innovation and technology consultants, technology brokers and intellectual asset advisors, university and research centre transfer offices, regional development agencies and chambers of commerce, science parks, innovation centres and incubators, contract research organizations and engineering consultants, government ministries and agencies and sectoral professional organizations.

Selected Titles: [EU by topic](#) >

– **[Full List of topics](#)**

Agriculture, fisheries and food

- [Agriculture](#)
- [Food safety](#)
- [Maritime affairs and fisheries](#)

Business

- [Competition](#)
- [Enterprise](#)
- [Single market](#)
- [Trade](#)

Culture and education

- [Audiovisual and media](#)
- [Culture](#)
- [Education, training and youth](#)
- [Multilingualism](#)

Customs and tax

- [Customs](#)
- [Taxation](#)

Development and humanitarian aid

- [Development and Cooperation](#)
- [Humanitarian aid and Civil Protection](#)
- [Human rights](#)

Economy and finance

- [Budget](#)
- [Economic and monetary affairs](#)
- [Fraud prevention](#)

Employment and social affairs

- [Employment and social affairs](#)

Enlargement and foreign affairs

- [Enlargement](#)
- [Foreign and security policy](#)

Environment and energy

- [Climate action](#)
- [Energy](#)
- [Environment](#)

EU institutions

- [Institutional affairs](#)

Health

- [Health](#)
- [Sport](#)

Justice and Citizens' rights

- [EU citizenship](#)
- [Consumers](#)
- [Justice and Home Affairs](#)

Regions and local development

- [Regional policy](#)

Science and technology

- [Information technology](#)
- [Research and innovation](#)
- [Space](#)

Transport and travel

- [Transport](#)

- [EU Funding and Grants](#)

- [Tenders and contracts](#)

- [Documentation centre](#)

- Order a publication
- Statistics and opinion polls
 - [Eurostat](#) [a key to European statistics]
- Official documents
 - [Official Journal of the European Union](#)
 - [Bulletin of the European Union](#)
 - [General Report on the Activities of the European Union](#)
 - [Green papers](#) [*Discussion papers published by the Commission on a specific policy area. Primarily they are documents addressed to interested parties (organisations and individuals) who are invited to participate in a process of consultation and debate.*]
 - [White papers](#) [*Documents containing proposals for Community action in a specific area. They sometimes follow a green paper published to launch a consultation process at European level.*]
- Legislation
 - [EUR-LEX](#), the portal to European Union law
 - [CEIL](#), European Parliament / The Legislative Observatory
 - [Summaries of EU legislation](#) [*Summaries of EU legislation in all policy areas*]
 - [Public Procurement Legislation](#)
- Archives
 - [Historical Archives of the European Union](#)

Selected Titles: [EU Policies](#) >

Overview of EU activities in all areas, from agriculture to transport... Click on the links below for more information on the key issues for the EU in each area.

- [Agriculture, fisheries and foods](#)
CAP, rural development, Aquaculture, CFP, food safety...
- [Business](#)
Industry sectors, enterprise policies, SME's, Single Market, free movement, competitiveness, competition...
- [Climate action](#)
Climate change, Energy for a changing world...

- **Cross-cutting policies**
Financial and economic crisis, Europe 2020 – a new economic strategy, better regulation, sustainable development, multilingualism...
- **Culture, education and youth**
Audiovisual and media, culture, education and training, sport, youth...
- **Economy, finance and tax**
Financial Services, Budget, Competition, Customs, Economy, Fight against fraud, Taxation...
- **Employment and social rights**
Employment, social affairs and equal opportunities...
- **Energy and natural resources**
Energy, Trans-European networks...
- **Environment, consumers and health**
Consumers, Environment, Food safety, Health, Maritime policy, Sustainable development...
- **External relations and foreign affairs**
Common Foreign Security Policy, Development, Enlargement, Cooperation, Foreign policies, Humanitarian aid, Human rights, External trade...
- **Justice, home affairs and citizens' rights**
Freedom, Security and Justice...
- **Regions and local development**
Regional policy, Regional Development Fund...
- **Science and technology**
Ethics, Information Society, Audiovisual and Media, Media, Research...
- **EU explained**
Civil Society, NGOs, EU Institutions, EU Treaties, Future of Europe, Treaty of Lisbon...
- **Transport and travel**
Tourism, Trans-European networks, Transport...

Selected Titles: [EU Policies](#) > Selected Subtitles:

[Business](#) > [Enterprise](#) > [Enterprise Policies](#) > [Enterprise and Industry](#) >

[Enterprise and Industry](#) > [Glossary](#)

[Enterprise and Industry](#) >All Topics:

A

- [Access to finance](#)
- [Aeronautic industries](#)
- [Automotive](#)

B

- [Biotechnology](#)

C

- [Chemicals](#)
- [Cluster Portal](#)
- [Construction](#)
- [COSME](#)

COSME is the EU programme for the Competitiveness of Enterprises and Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (SMEs) running from 2014 to 2020 with a planned budget of €2.3bn. COSME will support SMEs in the following area:

- [Better access to finance for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises \(SMEs\)](#)
- [Access to markets](#)
- [Supporting entrepreneurs](#)
- [More favourable conditions for business creation and growth](#)

D

- [Defence industries](#)

E

- Electrical engineering
- European Service Innovation Centre
 - The European Service Innovation Scoreboard
- European SME Week
- European standards

F

- Fashion
- Food industry
- Footwear
- Furniture

H

- Healthcare Industries

I

- Industrial competitiveness
- Industrial policy
- Industrial innovation
 - Innovation Policy
 - Innovation Union Scoreboard
 - European Social Innovation Competition
 - Business Innovation Observatory
 - Demand-side policies
 - Innobarometer
 - Social innovation
 - Workplace innovation
 - Public sector innovation
 - Regional innovation
 - Design for innovation
 - Intellectual Property
 - Public procurement of innovation
 - **Advanced Manufacturing Technologies**
- International affairs

K

- Key Enabling Technologies and Digital Economy
 - Key Enabling Technologies
 - ICT Competitiveness
 - e-Skills for the 21st Century: Fostering Competitiveness, Growth and Jobs
 - ICT Standardisation
 - e-Invoicing
 - Boosting e-Business for SMEs
 - Digital Entrepreneurship

L

- Leather
- Legal metrology and pre-packaging

M

- Maritime industries
- Mechanical engineering
- Mining, metals and minerals
- Mission Growth

P

- Policy and research in security
- Pressure equipment and gas appliances

R

- Radio and telecommunications terminal equipment (R&TTE)
- Raw materials

S

- Satellite navigation
- Single market for goods
- Small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs)
 - Small Business Act for Europe
 - Improving the business environment
 - Entrepreneurship 2020 Action Plan
 - Promoting Entrepreneurship
 - Access to markets
 - Regional SME policies
 - Facts and figures
 - Good practices in SME policy
 - Public consultation Top 10
 - Consultation on Mutual Societies
 - Green Action Plan for SMEs
 - Public consultation on the Experience Economy
- Smart regulation
- Space
- Stop fakes
- Sustainable and responsible business

T

- Textiles and clothing
- Tourism
- Toys
- TransAtlantic IPR Portal

W

- Wood, Paper, Printing

-
- **Business > Enterprise > cont.**
 - [Free movement of goods](#)
 - [Industry sectors](#)
 - [Small and Medium-sized enterprises](#)
 - [Your Europe - Business](#)

Selected Titles: [EU Policies](#) > Selected Subtitles:

Business > Internal Market >

- [Competition](#) [Policy Areas: Antitrust; Cartels; Mergers; Liberalization; [State Aid](#); International]
- [Competitiveness and Innovation Framework Programme](#) (CIP; 2007-2013)
 - **Look at the future:** Programme for the Competitiveness of enterprises and SMEs (COSME) 2014-2020
- [Free movement of services](#)
- [Market access](#)

See also:

- [Commission – Enterprise and Industry](#)
- [Small and medium-sized enterprises \(SMEs\)](#)
- [Commission – The EU Single Market](#)

- [Directorate-General for Internal Market and Services](#)
- [Executive Agency for Competitiveness and Innovation \(EACI\)](#)
- [Research Executive Agency \(REA\)](#)

Selected Titles: [EU Policies](#) > Selected Subtitles:

Science and Technology

- [Ethics in science](#)
- [European Institute of Innovation and Technology](#)
- **Information Society**
 - [Audiovisual and Media Policies](#)
 - [Communications](#)
 - [Digital Agenda for Europe](#)
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 - [Media Coordination \(MTF\)](#)
 - [Media Literacy](#)
 - [MEDIA Programme](#)
- [Life sciences and biotechnology](#)
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- **Research**
 - [EURAXESS - Researcher's Mobility Portal](#)
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See also:

- [Commission – Digital Agenda](#)
- [Directorate-General for Enterprise and Industry](#)
- [Directorate General for Communications Networks, Content and Technology](#)
- [Directorate-General for Research](#) >

Research & Innovation

Objectives:

- [Innovation Union](#) - Europe's innovation strategy
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Themes:

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- [Marie Curie Actions](#)
- [Nanotechnology](#)
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- [Research Infrastructures](#)
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Funding & Careers:

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- [Apply for funding - calls](#)
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- [Find project partners](#)
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- [EU research fellowship programme - Marie Curie Action](#)
- [ERC grants for frontier research](#)
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- [EU contest for young scientists](#)
- [Joint Research Centre](#)
- [CORDIS](#)
- [SCIENTIX : The community for science education in Europe](#)
- [Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency \(EACEA\)](#)
- [European Research Council Executive Agency \(ERC\)](#)
- [Research Executive Agency \(REA\)](#)
- [Scientific Committees](#)

**Selected Titles: [EU Policies](#) > Selected Subtitles:
[Regions and Local Development](#)**

- **Regional policy**
 - [Cohesion Fund](#)
 - [European Regional Development Fund](#)
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 - [How can I apply?](#)
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 - [What funding is available?](#)
 - [What is regional policy?](#)

See also:

- [Regional Policy - Inforegio](#)
- [Directorate-General for Regional Policy](#)

CORDIS - Community Research & Development Information Service:

[CORDIS](#) > English > [Home Page](#)

CORDIS is the European Commission's primary public repository and portal to disseminate information on all EU-funded research projects and their results in the broadest sense.

[News and Events](#)

[Programmes](#) > **Seventh Framework Programme (FP7)**

Previous Framework Programmes:

[FP6](#) - The 6th Framework Programme (2002-2006) **ARCHIVED 26.11.2013**

[FP5](#) - The 5th Framework Program (1998-2002) **ARCHIVED 16.07.2009**

[FP4](#) - The 4th Framework Program (1994-1998) **ARCHIVE**

[Practical Guide to EU Funding](#)

[Next Framework Programme: Horizon 2020](#)

[Projects & Results Service](#)

The primary information source for EU-funded projects since 1990. The Projects & Results Service is your one stop for information on EU-funded research projects and project results.

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